

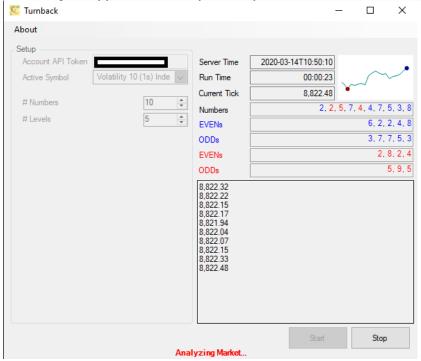
Strategy xxxxx.xz Analysis of the last digits Indonesian version

Peace to all of us and greeting

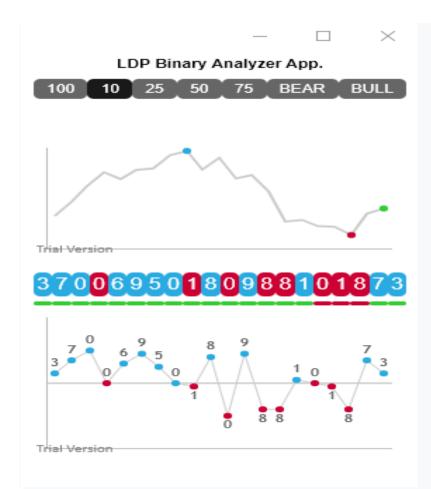
This strategy is the Last Digit Analysis strategy ... why is that? Because this strategy really focuses on the numbers that appear at the end of the numbers in an index ... and it is important to know that there are many strategies that range from Worm Movement analysis, Midpoint analysis, analysis of Tens and Last Digit Number Analysis and many more. I will focus on this Last Digit Analysis Number ... because if I explain everything I know outside of the Last Digit Analysis it will be different from the Rules and Laws I write, and keep in mind Use your understanding and your LOGIC to understand what I write because I want you to understand what I write and I will explain the formula of the material of the binary algorithm as detailed as possible, okay, without waiting long, let me explain one by one of this technique. Please be understood to be absorbed and understood every law and rule that is exists in this last number of digits because according to personal experience that I have learned, the laws and rules contained in this analysis are not in conflict with each other and, therefore Therefore, try to be understood and understood and use your logic.

Personally, I only see the last number that appears in an index if it is difficult for you to see the number that appears ... no problem because with frequent practice you will get used to seeing the numbers and understand how the movement of a price will increase or down. If you are indeed a layman and are learning this strategy for the first time, don't worry, I have several alternative software options for you to analyze the numbers that will come out and, of course, to determine the rise or fall of a price itself. ..

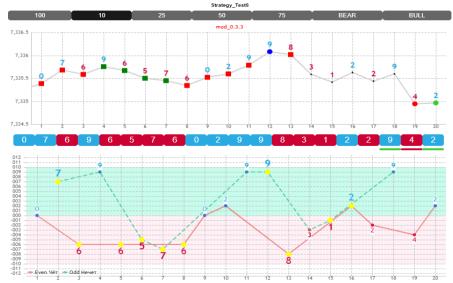
1. This first one is TurnBack, this software itself is my first software in terms of last digit analysis ... by its appearance it is quite simple as seen below:



2. For the second one, this is the same LDP binary parser as TurnBack, but I would recommend using this LDP binary parser because the location of the worm position is ..., by its appearance as shown below

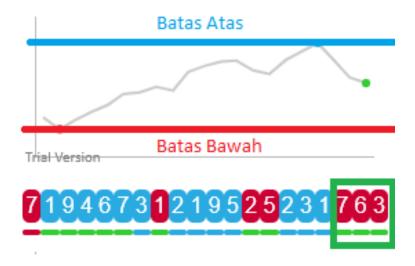


3. For the third party, this is DigitMod, different from the TurnBack and LDP binary analyzer ... This DigitMod is a type of website that can be accessed and suitable if it has restrictions if you do not have a laptop or PC and trade only with smart phones. I highly recommend using this DigitMod ...



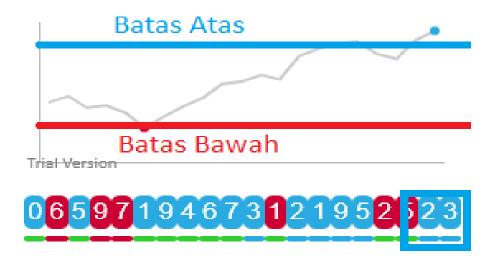
So far, I personally use these 3 analysis tools more frequently to make it work ..., for your choice to use whatever comes to your liking and according to your individual needs ... Because basically you keep using the same analysis and, for Of course, clearly follow the same rules and laws.

First we go to the rules and the second law, in the rules and laws this time we will familiarize ourselves with the Basic Analysis. I mean the basic levels that I will explain and you should know and you should understand ... And for the levels in this binary there are 3 levels to learn ... 1. Between levels (green worm heads) 2. Upper level (head blue worm) 3. Lower level (red worm head) Between the Level or commonly called Green Worm Head there is a price movement that does not penetrate below (Support) or penetrate the upper limit (Resistance) as a representation of the head of this green worm as shown below:



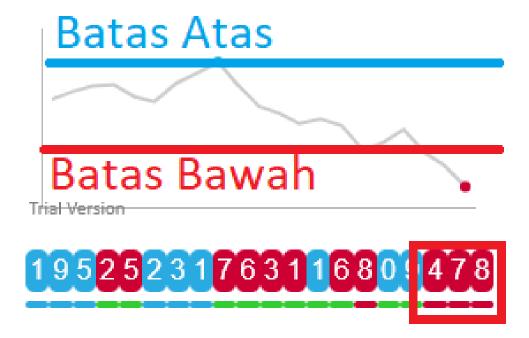
In the image above, this is the head of the green worm, as I said before, the price or the figures that came out did not penetrate the upper limit or the lower limit he was in the middle and also noticed that the green box in the image it was clearly visible that the current event was between the Levels

Level up or I often call it Blue Worm Head because the blue worm head is a price move or the number that appears has broken the upper limit (Resistance) for rendering as follows:



From the image above we can see that the blue worm's head here has penetrated the upper limit and we also note that the blue box drawn there is also clearly visible that the number that appears is currently on the Upper Level ...

:The lower level that I call the Red Worm Head for the red worm head is a price move or the number that appears has broken the lower limit (Support) for rendering as follows



If we look carefully at the worm's head here in red, which means the price is currently breaking the lower limit and we also notice that the red box below is also clearly visible that the numbers that appear are currently at the Lower Level.

Rules and laws

Second

We enter the Third Rule and Law, we will learn about the Analysis Pattern, the analysis pattern itself, there are some Patterns that you should also know ... of course, these 5 patterns are also one of the basic things, in my experience The ideal and balanced pattern for analysis is the presence of odd and even numbers or of finding odd numbers with even numbers or vice versa, finding odd numbers. Once again, I say "THE IDEAL AND THE BALANCE". Don't be confused by your frequent practice, you will easily find the location of your mistakes where.

Immediately we enter the 5 analysis patterns:

Tik Analysis Pattern This 3-tick pattern analysis is an analysis consisting of 3 numbers, for a 3-tick analysis I do not recommend playing on this analysis unless you have understood 100% of the Rules and Laws that I wrote. Examples of 3-tick analysis like the following numbers

2 1 5

I will not explain this rise or fall, but I want you to understand each of the Rules and Laws I write first ... well, from here we see that there are even numbers that meet odd numbers. These are the main conditions as I said earlier.

2. Analysis of the 4 tick pattern

This 4 tick pattern analysis is an analysis consisting of 4 numbers, for the 4 tick analysis we see the moment if there really is an ideal and balanced moment, then we can open positions.

Examples of 4-tick analysis like the following numbers:



4. 5 tick pattern analysis

This 5-tick pattern analysis is an analysis consisting of 5 numbers, and I can say that this 5-tick analysis is a perfect analysis because, in my opinion, these 5 ticks often occur at IDEAL AND BALANCED moments.

Examples of 5-tick analysis like the following numbers:



5. Analysis of 7-tick patterns

This 7 tick pattern analysis is an analysis that certainly consists of 7 numbers, for an analysis of 7 ticks depending on the opportunity ... my point is that we see if the publication of these numbers has clearly seen that the price that will occur in the future looks up or down from the time it was IDEAL AND BALANCED If the 5-tick analysis isn't ideal and balanced, then we use this 7-tick analysis, but an average of 5 ticks is enough. Example of analysis of 7 ticks as the following numbers:



6. Analysis of patterns More than 7 ticks

This 7 tick pattern analysis is an analysis that is rarely biased to say rarely because it is as if my words above 5 or 7 ticks usually have moments ... So the explanation for analyzing more than 7 ticks usually occurs in 8.9 and 10 ticks, this is the limit of our search for IDEAL AND BALANCED moments. Example of analysis of more than 7 ticks:

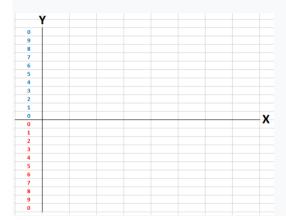


I emphasize once again, I have not explained how to open an up or down position. Here I emphasize that you first understand the examples of existing patterns ...

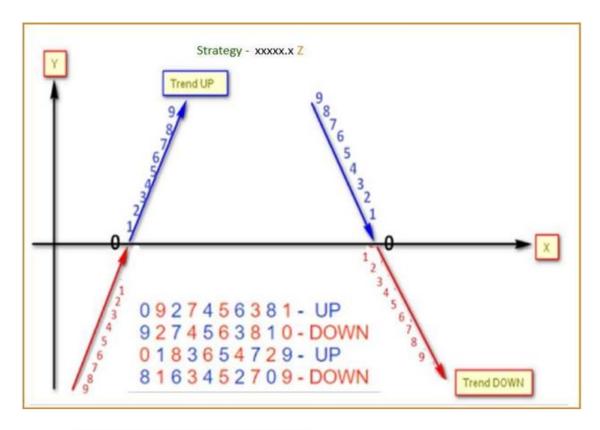
Third rule and law

We will study the first law and rules, this is the basic material ... So, this first law and rule is to read the direction of the increase or the fall of a number in this first rule of the law, there are several numbers, in this binary the The numbers that appear are numbers 0 to 9 and, of course, there are 2 colors: BLUE and RED or commonly called BLUE (Up) and RED (Down) ... and the numbers that appear have differences. Of course, what I mean is that the type of numbers are ODD and EVEN.

For simplicity, I will show an image of an XY axis like math when I was in school ... calm down, don't feel dizzy. I call these maths just a representation, which is easy enough to help remember the numbers coming out and determine the direction in which it will rise or fall.



If we take a good look at this XY axis, we will be able to see the steps up and down easily, so I recommend not memorizing but trying to imagine it from the XY axis itself because it is easier to understand, and if in your mind ask why this number 0 is above 9 Blue and is below 9 Red because position 0 here is greater, basically if 0 finds a large number, it will be greater, here are the conclusions of the Direction of a Number of the XY image:



Increase		
1234567890	Go down	
0 2 4 6 8 0		0123456789
		0
13579		024680
086420		13579
97531		086420
		97531

1 3 5 7 9 - tredd UP
0 2 4 6 8 - trend UP
9 7 5 3 1 - trend DOWN
8 6 4 2 0 - trend DOWN
1 3 5 7 9 - trend DOWN
1 3 5 7 9 - trend DOWN
9 7 5 3 1 - trend DOWN
1 8 6 4 2 0 - trend DOWN

[&]quot;I insist on not memorizing, but on trying to be understood, absorbed and understood, and use their LOGIC."

The Fourth Rule and Law

The Fourth Rule and Law

We enter the Fourth Rules and Laws is an analysis of the Management. This step is something that should be known and see the comparison of even or odd steps or which steps are stronger ... the odd or even strong steps are strong ... after we compare from the comparison itself, we will know the future trend direction. And when analyzing there are 2 things that should be considered in the direction of the steps and the value of the numbers, okay, I'll explain right away here ... The step direction that I will explain and explain is divided into 2

One-step color direction

13: Arriba Ganjil Naik

2 4 : Arriba Even Increases.	2 4 : Abajo Even Down	
68: Arriba Genap Naik	68: Abajo Genap Turun	
3 5 : Arriba Ganjil Naik	35: Abajo Ganjil Turun	
79: Arriba Ganjil Naik	79: Abajo Ganjil Turun	
1. Different color direction		
46: Abajo Genap Turun	46: Arriba Genap Naik	
24: Arriba Genap Naik	24: Abajo Genap Turun	
3 5 : Abajo Ganjil Turun	35: Arriba Ganjil Naik	

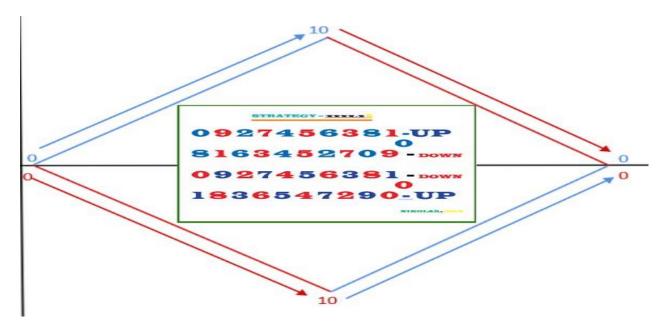
13: Abajo Ganjil Turun

After the direction of the step that we have known here, we will continue with the Pressure Numbers, the Pressure Numbers are the way we see the value of a number itself, if the number gets bigger in a color, then the Color pressure will be our reference for open positions, as the sample values a number is higher in the blue number, then it will get stronger and viceversa, if the value of a number is higher in the red number, then it will be stronger down ... as in the example below

2 6: Even down strong down for value 6
5 3: Incredible strong increase by value 5
7 9: Odd Disclining Strong Declines debido al valor 9
8 2: Even stronger and stronger due to courage 8
2 6: Even Up Strong Up for its value 6
5 3: Increase, sharp decline increases due to value 5
7 9: Strange increase Strong increase due to value 9
8 2: Even on the downside strong increases due to the value 8

The fifth rule and law

IDEAL AND BALANCE are the most important rules and laws in the sense that we begin each analysis because from this I will explain the most important things before coming to the explanation of the rules and laws with us doing Open Position ...



The image above is the balance and ideally an analysis to determine the direction that will happen up or down ... and if we know the ideal and the balance of our analysis, we can also discover that the appearance of a CORRECTION VALUE is also The most important thing in the analysis and I emphasize this to explain how to understand this IDEAL AND BALANCE when analyzing based on the differences in the numbers and the tensions of the numbers and colors of a number that appears.

"I REMEMBER NOT TO REMEMBER, BUT TRYING TO UNDERSTAND RESPECTED AND UNDERSTAND AND USE YOUR LOGIC TO UNDERSTAND WHAT I FLY HERE."

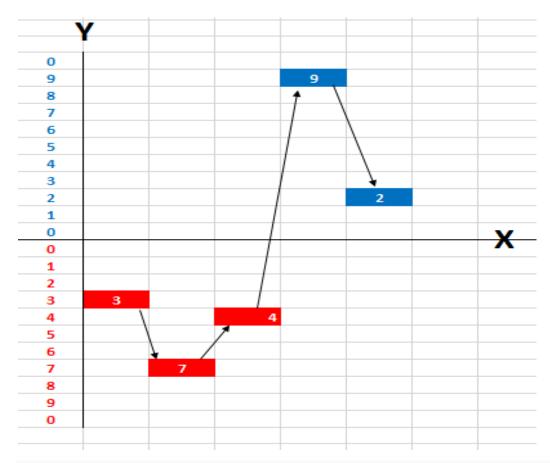
The sixth rule and law

We have reached the sixth rule and law, which are the most important rules and laws, in this golden rule and law I will explain the beginning of the analysis and the open position between levels. I will explain step by step in detail. Understand the rules and This sixth law ... a small contribution from me, the force of an analysis that is the presence of more than one analysis means that here in the series of patterns that appear there are many analyzes on the condition that there is no in conflict with other legal rules.

1. Analysis of numerical value

In analyzing the value of this number, we see that the value of a number must be remembered, and I emphasize that the beginning of the analysis begins with odd and even or viceversa, even odd, for this example case, I still suggest that the conditions for This analysis is the odd or even numbers where it is found. I mean for example if you want to parse 5 ticks in other words in 5 tick there must be an odd number and also at least an even number ... odd and even ... why is that because once again I say above, as in the Fourth Rule and Law, the ideal and balanced condition of an analysis is the existence of odd and even numbers ... And its main focus here is to think and imagine the XY axis itself ... main key in this analysis is that the value of the number can still go up or not or the value of the number can still go down or not, it is different in color or in the same color, as I say at the beginning, this is related and is not in absolute contradictory ...

You can see an example below:



37492=GOUP

As you can see above, clearly 9 (Blue zone) is at mark 4 and, at the same time, it is the highest value as I said before, there are even and odd numbers and if we look at the 9 strongest values and we are in the blue zone , the other numbers not able to beat the blue number 9 in value ... and reinforced with 2 is an even prefix and the even number further strengthens the value of 9 to go up, so far it cannot even penetrate based on the ideal and equilibrium, so it strengthens ..., if the number that comes out after 9 is 0 red and then falls ...

6 1 9 5 0 = FALL

The highest odd number is at the value of 9 and at the last tic it has a value of 0, so the value of 9 here cannot continue to rise and divided by the presence of 0, then the open fall, as I said before, the number 0 here can be larger, what if it compares to a large number?

58720 = Fall.

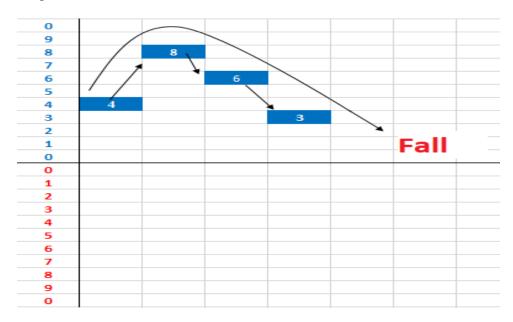
If we look together at the second tick there is an even value 8 and at the end of the tick there is an even number and it is 0 at the value 0 it is greater and the same color and value 8 is not strong, we continue with the upward trend if we notice once again no one is able to beat 8 with the same value and color and then open drop position.

564059 = RISSE,

So far, the even number 0 is the highest and is reinforced by an odd number 9 strengthens the increase in value 9 loses by 0 and the same color as RISSE.

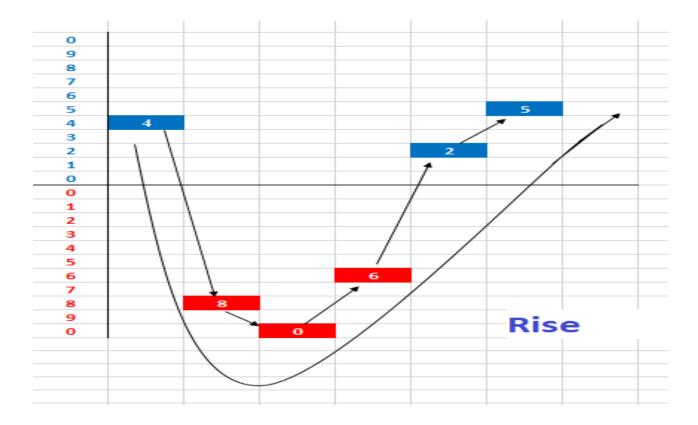
2. Analysis, sequential value

Sequential value analysis is one of the important analyzes also if these rules and laws are followed, such as the following sample numbers 1 2, 2 3, 4 3, 5 6, 7 8, 9 8, 0 9, 9 0 and viceversa. This number has a difference in the character, but it is sequential or it rises or falls freely as long as the difference in the fulfilled character can be the same color or also a different color ... As in the following example:



As we see 4863 = Drop

The requirements have been met, namely the existence of sequential numbers in the value of the numbers 4 and 3, the presence of differences in the characters is also met and the same color leads downwards, then it is certain that the next trend in movement is down or Open Fall Position.



480625 = Risse

The requirements for the numbers that appear up to the 6th tick at the beginning of the tick there is a number 4 and at the end of the tick there are already 5 numbers have been met.

2 1 5 7 3 = Fall

The requirements have been met starting with an even and odd prefix with the above legal rules plus the existence of sequential values 2 and 3. Makin strengthens the position for the fall.

5 6 1 7 4 = Risse

Sequential values at 5 and 4 and 6 and 7 further reinforce this 5-tick analysis pattern for open top positions

7 2 3 5 8 = Risse

The sequential values at 7 and 8 and 2 and 3 further strengthen the analysis to rise further the value of numbers 2 and 3 further strengthen the direction to rise and at the end of the tick there are 8.

25763 = Fall

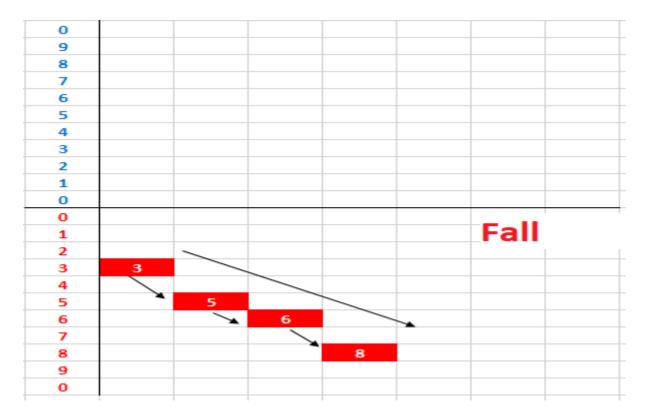
The sequential values are at 2 and 3 and the direction of the numbers also tends to decrease further strengthening the analysis and the value of the highest number 7 and cannot continue to increase.

3. Analysis of value direction

Direction analysis This value is to see the steps that occur in a number when observing the direction of the value, of course, we can see trends with this analysis, the analysis of the direction of the value is divided into several directions depending on the differences in numeric character types that are even and odd and can also be for a single color that is the same or a different color.

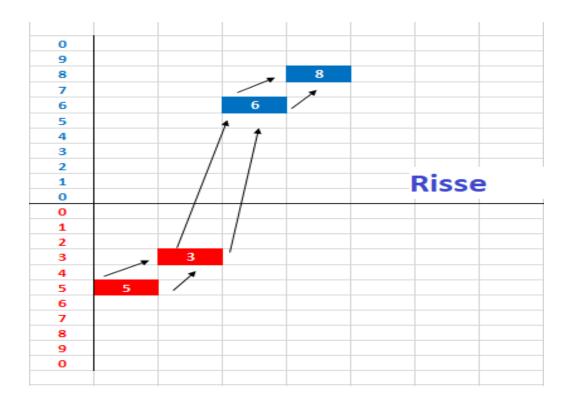
As an example:

- Step direction from odd # to odd #
- Passage direction of # even with # even



3568 = Fall

Judging by the direction character of Odd 3 with Odd 5 it decreases and the same with Even 6 with Even 8 it also decreases



5 3 6 8 = Risse

If we pay close attention to the odd characters going up from 5 to 3, this is clearly the direction of the up step and even the characters going up from 6 to 8 confirm the increase, then Open Position Risse.

And here are some other examples of Value Management Analysis:

3 2 1 6 = Fall

If we pay close attention, the values from 3 to 2 point down and the values from 1 to 6 point down and if we value the odd characters 3 and 1 they go down and the values of even characters Strong down 2 to 6 further strengthen the values direction down.

5 2 1 4 = Fall

Character values and odd addresses 5 and 1 decrease, as do even-numbered characters and descending directions 2 to 4 make it stronger.

1478 = Risse

Odd character and address values 1 and 7 increase, as well as character values and even numbers 4 and 8 Strengthen the confirmation of this direction analysis to make it strong.

1 2 3 6 = Risse

Character values and odd direction 1 and 3 go up, just as character values and even direction 2 and 6 further strengthen the open up position.

4. Analysis of Numerical pressure

This analysis is to see the pressure of the difference in the numbers ..., the intention is that we see the difference of odd and even ... and we see that the value of the strongest pressure is what character and color and the main requirements for this analysis they are different colors, not for one color and better if the numbers are close together, and our main function of studying the stress of these characters is to discover that the strongest pressure is above or below and this analysis should be underlined by:

- Odd numbers are only defeated by different even numbers
- Even numbers are only defeated by odd colored numbers

And how can we know the pressure of this character? ... just remember the XY axis that I have explained to you.

Like the following example:



40178 = Risse

Requirements Already filled Odd characters 7 and 8 are odd, even adjacent and of different colors, the pressure on the odd character value is not stronger than the even character value of 8, then Risse's open position.

4 2 3 7 1 = Fall

The highest odd number value character is at 7 and the even number value character cannot beat odd pressure and at the end of the mark there is 1 that cannot beat the previous odd character and then open the drop position ...

5 6 7 3 0 = Fall

Requirements Met with odd even numbers of different colors and, coincidentally, the highest even number character is 6 and the odd number character is 7

The character pressure of the even number 0 is small, as I said before, the value of 0 is small when a small number is found.

3 6 5 9 8 = Fall

Odd number 5 character cannot break even number 6 character, and odd number 9 character and number 8 character are together and the lowest pressure is still strong, then open drop position

2 5 6 9 8 = Risse

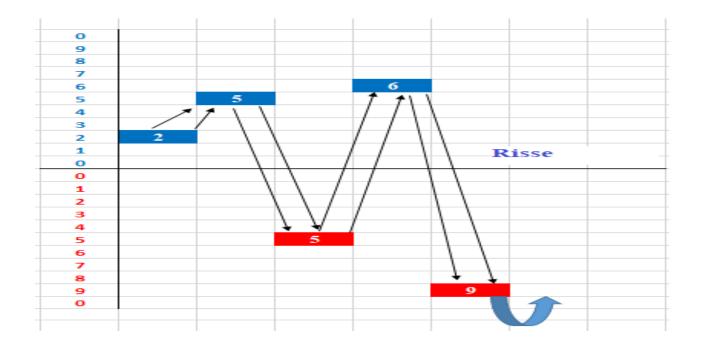
The maximum pressure is 6 even characters that exceed the pressure of 5 odd characters, further strengthens the analysis and the highest odd pressure is 9, the even pressure 8 cannot reduce, then Risse's open position.

5. Analysis of the correction value

Correction here is the opposite of color or direction reversal. For Analysis of Correction Values, I can actually say that all numerical values above 4 or even odd or even as long as they are above 4 are correction numbers, but the tendency to find this correction value is depending on the moment that occurs according to the number that comes out ... the value of 5,6,7,8 is also not uncommon as the correction value, but for this moment I will give an example of the number 9 because the value is very often the correction ... why this correction value too It is important to understand that due to this correction it is an important element to see the direction of the trend up or down ...

- with the provision that there must not be a value of 0 with the same color or different colors
- and if a level of the same color breaks, it is better to avoid breaking the level

See the following example:



2 5 5 6 9 = Rise

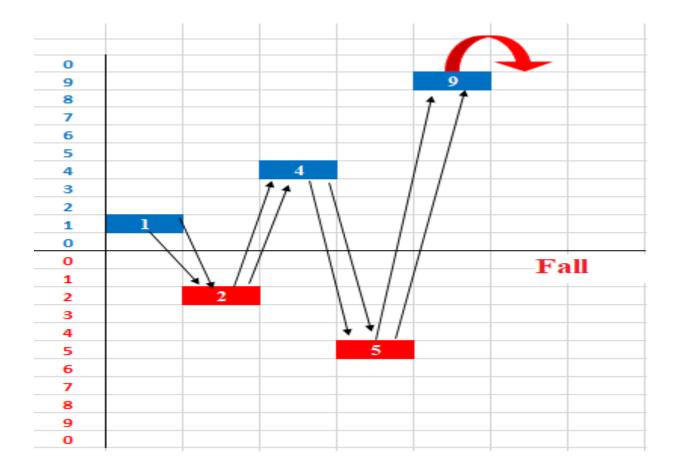
As for the analysis, there is no value of the number 0 and the pressure tends to increase and the presence of the value of 9 tends to strengthen the upward pressure, Risse open position.

3 6 7 4 9 = Fall

9 is the highest odd number value and can no longer rise, in addition the direction of other values also falls and becomes even stronger.

4 1 2 6 9 = Rise

9 The odd number value is the highest and is at the tick point of the analysis pattern and is not strong enough to continue decreasing.



12459 = Fall

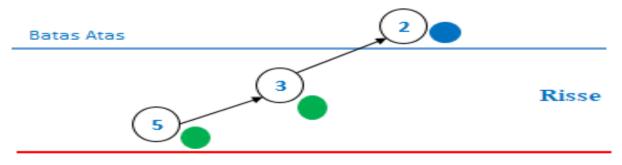
Drop Judging from the numbers shown here, the value of the number 9 makes it the highest value for the direction reversal, and by seeing the pressure of the number that appears, Makin strengthens the pressure to drop.

3 4 1 6 9 = Risse

The number that appears clearly shows the direction of the upward trend and strengthened the presence of the number 9 value, as a directional reversal stabilizes the end of the analysis for Risse's open position.

- 1. The Seventh Rule and Law
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5. 1. This is the final rule and the law, as well as the closure, in this seventh rule and law I will explain how the beginning of the analysis and the open position of a level is both higher and lower or easier to digest is the movement of the pattern of numerical values between levels (Green Worm Head) to the upper level (Blue Worm Head) and to the lower level (Red Worm Head) This seventh rule and law is the most important element also if we find price movements that seem to penetrate a level both towards up and down ... in the rules and this seventh law has conditions that you must understand:
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

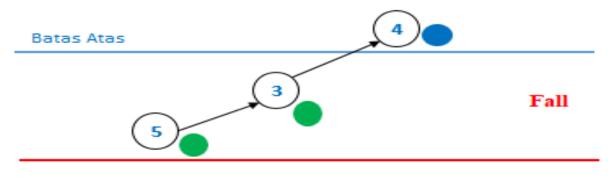
- 9. 2. 1. Movement of the pattern from the level (Green Worm Head) to the Upper Level (Blue Worm Head) and to the Lower Level (Red Worm Head).
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13. 3. The legal terms and conditions for this analysis apply before the level is penetrated and after the level is penetrated ... it is the same color and has different characters (odd and even), this is very clear because from analysis only seen from movement between levels (Green Worm Heads) to upper level (blue worm head) and lower level (red worm head) "Don't be confused. This only sees the movement of patterns between upper levels and lower ", I suggest when we see penetrated patterns, both up and down, we expect first tic remember that this is mandatory to determine whether the analysis of a level is broken or not ... You can see the following example right away:



Batas Bawah

532 = Risse

It seems that the values of numbers 5 and 3 are still in the pattern of the green worm's head and continue to 2, this level has been broken and remember that these terms and laws have been fulfilled, that is, in the same color and the different matching characters here are odd and even, and if we look at Pressure Character, the even number 2 is smaller here than the odd number 3 (3> 2).



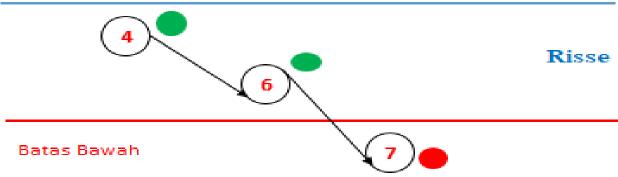
Batas Bawah

534 = Fall

Almost similar to a series of previous patterns, but this is a different case if we pay close attention to the appearance of the previous numerical values that have met the requirements to do this analysis and there are character differences when the level is penetrated, as I said, This time it was a different case due to the breakdown of the top level this time. He is greater than the previous value "Note the condition of a different colored character" is at the head of the green worm but the following direction is penetrated level and for analysis this time it is larger ... why I can say that ..., as for the analysis The value of the numbers 5 and 3 in the position of the head of the green

worm after penetrating the level of the character appears, the value even the number 4 in this pressure is greater (3 < 4).

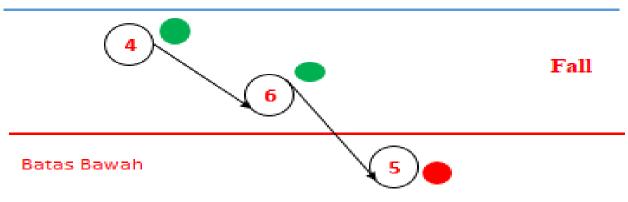
Batas Atas



4 6 7 = Risse

The requirements are met, namely One color and when different character levels are penetrated ... The pressure of the even number 6 is less than the pressure of the odd number 7 (6 <7).

Batas Atas



4 6 5 = Fall

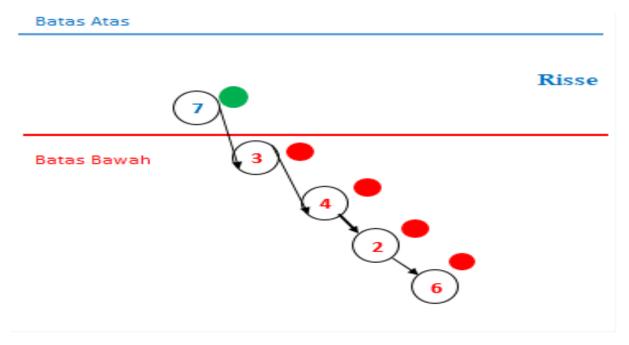
The pressure of the even number 6 on the head of the green worm is greater than the pressure of the odd number 5 (6>5).

2. Direction of the pattern after the upper or lower level is broken If we previously learned how to move the pattern before the pattern breaks this time, I will describe the analysis after the penetration of a level, both at the upper and lower levels. Bottom ... if the step is valid with the confirmation of our analysis prefix before the level is penetrated ... for terms and rules After this level is penetrated, we will see before and after the level of the same color or colors different and we will see the values of the characters of the same odd or equal number even with the condition that we wait for the opposite or even to appear. If the conditions are met, we can immediately open a position by analysis before the level breaks or after the level breaks.

You can immediately see the following example:

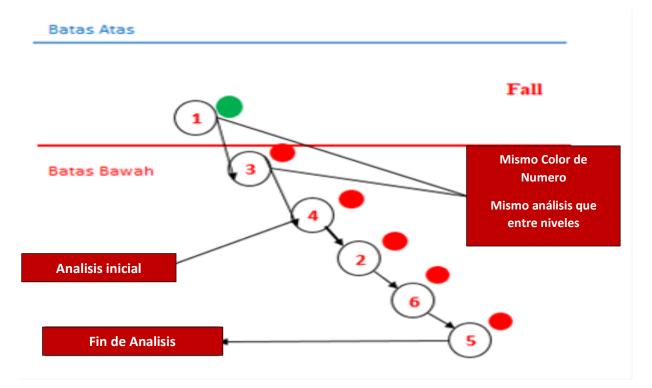
13426 = Fall

Requirements and met before and after penetrating the level of the same color and the same character, we can directly open my drop position because the value of the character odd number 1 3 is low depending on the direction pressure is also low and the even number character value drops, with our record open position this uses analysis before level is entered because odd character number 1 is included in the analysis pattern ... no problem as long as the conditions are met , as long as the time is right.



7 3 4 2 6 = Risse

In this series of number patterns, the requirements are also met because a character and different colors based on the pressure of the character is the highest odd number 7 and the pressure of the number is not even able to overcome, again what I said at the beginning of All of these rules and laws are interrelated.



3 4 2 6 5 = Fall

As I said in the rules and laws above, all the rules here are interrelated if you understand it, as long as the conditions of the rules and laws are met, the Numeric pressure and the odd number decrease and the even number pressure of the number decreases. ..

Summary

This summary contains my brief analysis that is intended to facilitate learning.

Information:

(number) r = Red number (number) $^{\land} = penetrated$ (number) b = Blue number (number) b = Blue

- 1. Initial analysis and open position between levels
- 1. Analysis of numerical value

5 6 4 0 5 9 = = , Even the highest 0r strengthened 9r **RISSE**

6 1 9 5 0 = , highest odd at 9b broken by even 0r FALL

2. Sequential value analysis

480625 = 45 is the sequence value and drive, Risse

4863 = 43 is the sequence value and it leads down, ,Fall

3. Analysis of value direction

1478 = Odd up direction Uniform direction, Risse

4. Character pressure analysis

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40178 = Pressure 8b is stronger than pressure 7r, Risse
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3 6 5 9 8 = ,9r pressure is stronger than pressure 8b, drop Fall

5. Correction value analysis

```
1 2 4 5 9 = highest value is at 9b then in reverse direction, drop Fall
1 5 5 6 9 = the highest value is 9r then in reverse direction, Risse
```

2. Start of analysis and open position of a perforated level at both the upper and lower levels

```
1. Before the level breaks
6 5 3 4^ = 3 translucent 4 (3 <4) reverses direction of fall Fall
6 5 3 2^ = 3 translucent 2 (3> 2) Follow the direction of Risse

2. After the level breaks
```

7 3 4 2 6 = 7 jumps to 3 (same character) 7> 6 strong upward pressure Risse

```
1 3_ 4_ 2_ 6_ = 1 translucent to 3 (same character) odd down direction, even down direction Fall Fall
```

```
Combined analysis example
```

There are 2 or more analyzes

```
8 7 3 6 2 = Risse (Rules and laws 1.2 and 1.4)
```

The odd character pressure 7b is greater than 6r and are sequential values 3r 2r

The sequential value of the odd number address 3r 5r decreases the pressure also decreases the sequential value of 6r 7r the stronger the decrease in 3r and 5r equals the character and the highest value of the number 7r

```
7 0 5 2 3 = Risse (Rules and laws 1.1 1.2 1.4)
```

The sequential value 2 3 increases as the numerical value can still increase and the highest uniform pressure 0b is strengthened

9 2 3^ 6 1 = Risse

(Rules and laws 1.1 1.2 1.5) 2b 3b this sequence value increases 9r this correction value is strengthened, the value of number 1b is strengthened

7 2^ 4 9 6 = Fall

(Rules and laws 1.3 1.2 and 1.4)

The direction of the even direction of the odd number down also 7r 6b is a sequence value and strong down

There will be many Millions of variations of numbers if I mention one by one, the point is to keep learning and trying, learning is not enough with one day and one night, it requires time determination and a strong and inflexible mental spirit ... and, of course, the permission is almighty ...